National and Kapodistrian University of Athens School of Medicine University General Hospital Attikon 2nd Department of Radiology





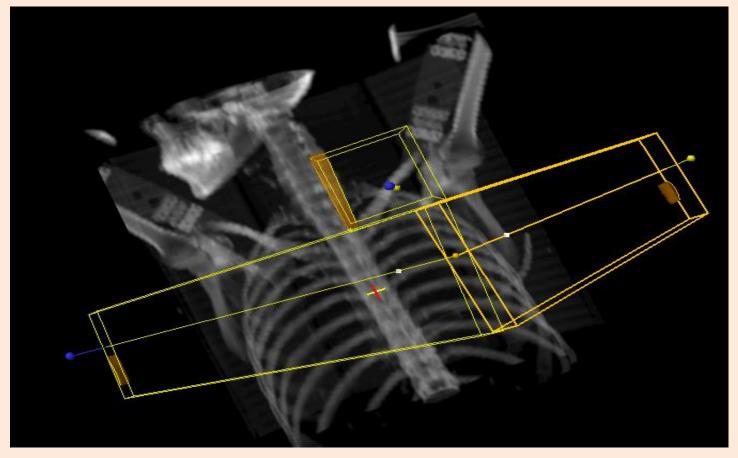
Auto field alignment treatment planning tool verification by using in vivo dosimetry in breast and supraclavicular matching region

Dilvoi M, Kagkiouzis I, Patatoukas G, Platoni K, Kypraiou E, Kougioumtzopoulou A, Trogkanis N, Efstathopoulos E, Kouloulias V

Introduction

Three-field matching need

- -Two tangential fields for breast irradiation
- One anterior field for supraclavicular region irradiation



Three-field matching complexity

- Causes
- irregular morphology of breast region
- divergence of tangential fields

- Consequences
- overdosage → healthy tissue damage
- underdosage → failure in tumor control

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Purpose

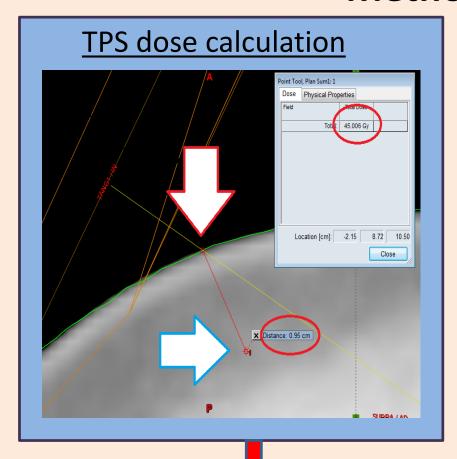
In vivo treatment plan verification in field matching region, using thermoluminence dosimeters (TLDs)

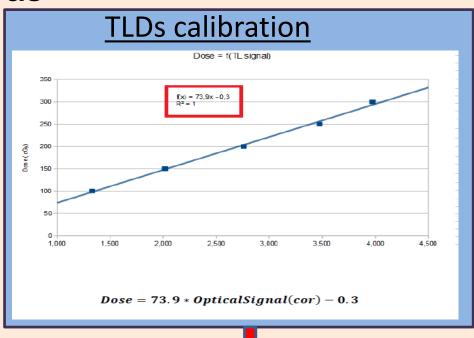


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Methods





In vivo dose measurements

- 10 patients
- 7 measurement points

Expected – measured doses comparison

- Wilcoxon non parametric test
- H0: Doses do not differ significantly

Measurement points



Tangential in field





Tangential out field



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Results

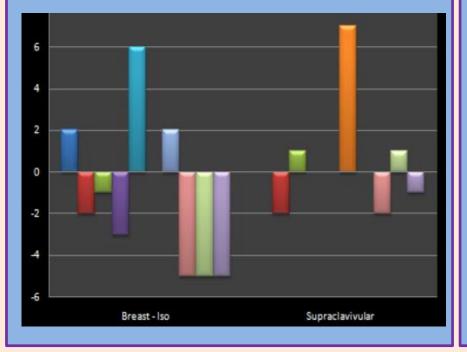
Measured and excpected dose deviations (%):

Breast iso / Supraclavicular

→ do not reject Ho

$$(p = 0.4414, p = 1)$$

→ lie between ICRU limits

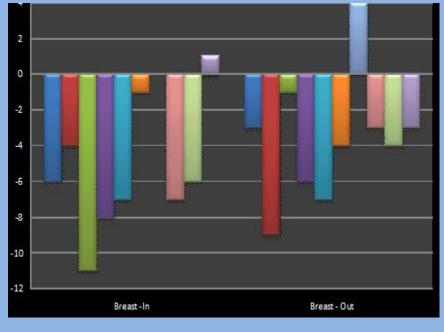


Tangential fields entrance

→ do differ significantly

$$(p = 0.0039, p = 0.0020)$$

→ systematic negative deviation

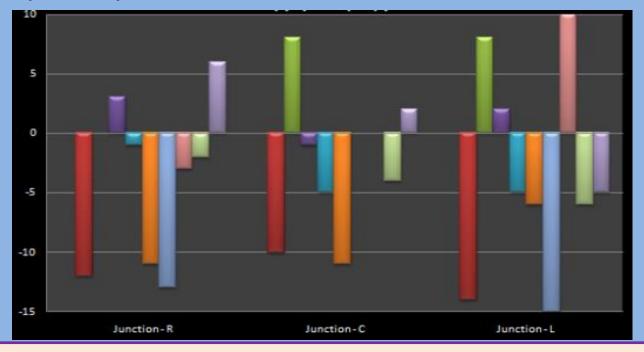


Results

Measured and excpected dose deviations (%)

Matching region

- \rightarrow do differ significantly (p = 0.0214)
- → non systematic deviation (-15% +10%)
- → large day to day deviations



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Conclusion

Results indicate:

Breast iso /Supraclavicular

- → correct calibration
- no serious mistakes in the procedure

Tangential fields entrance

- → systematic positioning error
 - breast shape
 - breast motion

Matching region

- → random errors
 - respiratory motion
 - immobilisation difficulties
 - reproducibility difficulties
 - TLDs positioning inaccuracies

Conclusion

- Results in matching region (dev : -15% +10%) agree with relevant published studies (dev : -20% - +15%)
- Eclipse auto field alignment tool is verified
- Extra caution is required from radiographers and medical physicists when three fields need to be matched

Recommendation

Monoisocentric technique should be used in three field matching (when possible)

- Better dosimetric results
- Random errors are minimised